said lens body toward said second groove portion of the eye without being seated therein.

2. An intraocular lens in accordance with claim 1 in which the eye interior has an equator at which said first and second groove portions meet and each of said support portions has at least two protruding contact points positioned for seating below the equator of the eye interior.

3. An intraocular lens in accordance with claim 2 in which at least one of said protruding contact points of each of said support portions is positioned near the end of the corresponding support portion.

4. An intraocular lens in accordance with claim 1 in which said stabilizing portion extends outwardly from said position-fixation means.

5. An intraocular lens in accordance with claim 4 in which said position-fixation means has a single stem portion joined to said lens body and in which said position-fixation means and said stabilizing portion extend from said single stem portion of said position-fixation means.

6. An intraocular lens in accordance with claim 1 in which the first groove portion of the eye interior is in the cul-de-sac formed between the anterior and posterior capsules and each support portion has at least two protruding contact points for seating each of the respective support portions in said groove portion of the eye.

7. An intraocular lens in accordance with claim 1 in which the second groove portion of the eye interior is in the cul-de-sac formed between the anterior and posterior capsules and in which said stabilizing portion extends beyond the iris of the eye toward said second groove portion.

8. An intraocular lens in accordance with claim 1 in which said position fixation support portions are deformable toward each other in response to the force applied thereto prior to seating of the lens in the eye.

9. An intraocular lens in accordance with claim 1 in which said position fixation support portions are resiliently deformable to a condition in which the most remote portions of said position fixation support portions are spaced apart a distance not exceeding the maximum lateral extension of the lens body.

10. An intraocular lens in accordance with claim 9 in which said position fixation support portions cross each other when they are in the latter condition.

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